

MT

2017 ____ 1100

Seat No.

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MT - GEOMETRY - SEMI PRELIM - II : PAPER - 1

Time : 2 Hours

(Pages 4)

Max. Marks : 40

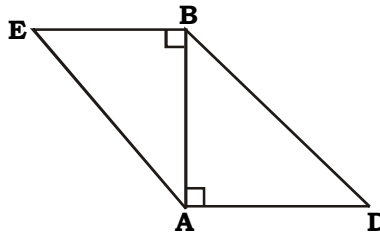
Note :

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Use of calculator is not allowed.

Q.1. Solve ANY FIVE of the following :

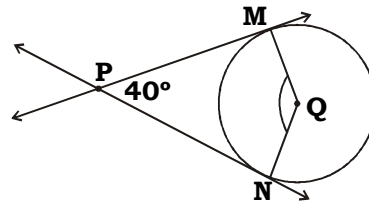
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- (i) In the adjoining figure,
seg $BE \perp$ seg AB and
seg $BA \perp$ seg AD .
If $BE = 6$ and $AD = 9$



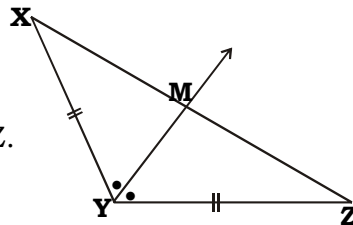
find $\frac{A(UABE)}{A(UABD)}$

- (ii) In the adjoining figure,
 Q is the centre of circle and PM
and PN are tangent segments to
the circle. If $\angle MPN = 40^\circ$,
find $\angle MQN$.



- (iii) Using Euler's formula, find F , if $V = 6$ and $E = 12$.
- (iv) If two circles touch externally then show that the distance between their centres is equal to the sum of their radii.

- (v) Ray YM is the angle bisector
of $\angle XYZ$, where $XY = YZ$.
Find the relation between XM and MZ .

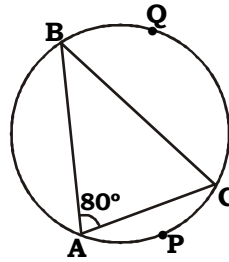


- (vi) A cylinder and a cone have equal radii and equal heights. If the volume of the cylinder is 300 cm^3 , what is the volume of the cone ?

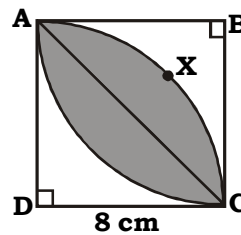
Q.2. Solve ANY FOUR of the following :

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- (i) In the adjoining figure,
if $m(\text{arc APC}) = 60^\circ$
and $m\angle BAC = 80^\circ$
Find (a) $\angle ABC$ (b) $m(\text{arc BQC})$.

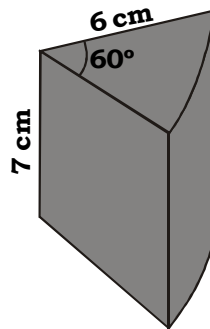


- (ii) Calculate the area of the shaded region in the adjoining figure where $\square ABCD$ is a square with side 8 cm each. ($f = 3.14$)

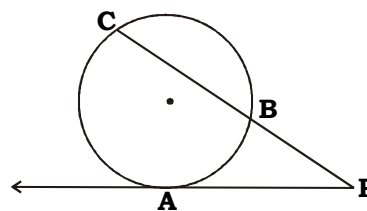


- (iii) D is a point on side BC of $\triangle ABC$ such that $\angle ADC = \angle BAC$. Show that $AC^2 = BC \times DC$.

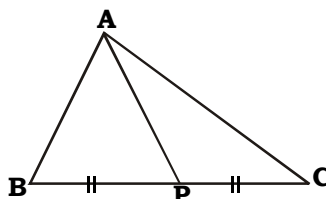
- (iv) A piece of cheese is cut in the shape of the sector of a circle of radius 6 cm. The thickness of the cheese is 7 cm. Find the curved surface area of the cheese.



- (v) In the adjoining figure, a tangent segment PA touching a circle at A and a secant PBC are shown. If $AP = 15$ and $BP = 10$, find BC.



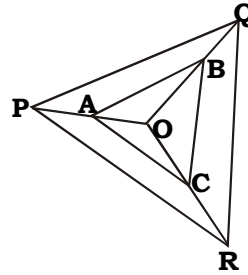
- (vi) In $\triangle ABC$, AP is a median. If $AP = 7$, $AB^2 + AC^2 = 260$ then find BC.



Q.3. Solve ANY THREE of the following :

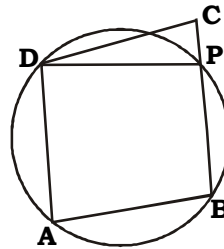
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- (i) In the adjoining figure, points A, B and C are on seg OP, seg OQ and seg OR respectively such that $AB \parallel PQ$ and $AC \parallel PR$. Then show that $BC \parallel QR$.



- (ii) The curved surface area of the frustum of a cone is 180 sq. cm and the circumference of its circular bases are 18 cm and 6 cm respectively. Find the slant height of the frustum of a cone.
- (iii) Suppose ABC is a triangle inscribed in a circle, the bisector of $\angle ABC$ intersects the circle again in D, the tangent at D intersect the line BA and line BC in E and F respectively. Prove that $\angle EDA \cong \angle FDC$.
- (iv) Triangle ABC has sides of length 5, 6 and 7 units while ΔPQR has perimeter of 360 units. If ΔABC is similar to ΔPQR then find the sides of ΔPQR .

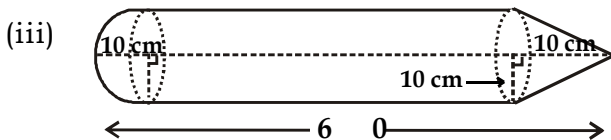
- (v) $\square ABCD$ is a parallelogram. A circle passing through D, A, B cuts BC in P. Prove that $DC = DP$.



Q.4. Solve ANY TWO of the following :

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- (i) Prove that : The ratio of the areas of two similar triangles is equal to the ratio of the squares of their corresponding sides.
- (ii) Prove that : The opposite angles of a cyclic quadrilateral are supplementary.



A toy is a combination of a cylinder, hemisphere and a cone, each with radius 10cm. Height of the conical part is 10 cm and total height is 60 cm. Find the total surface area of the toy.

$(\pi = 3.14, \sqrt{2} = 1.41)$

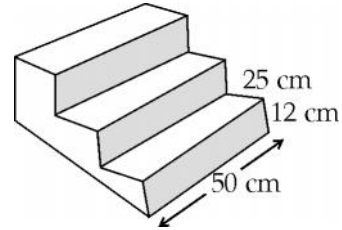
Q.5. Solve ANY TWO of the following :

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- (i) $\triangle ABC$ is a triangle where $\angle C = 90^\circ$. Let $BC = a$, $CA = b$, $AB = c$ and let 'p' be the length of the perpendicular from C on AB. Prove that

(a) $cp = ab$, (b) $\frac{1}{p^2} = \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}$

- (ii) There are 3 stair-steps as shown in the figure. Each stair-step has width 25 cm, height 12 cm and length 50 cm. How many bricks have been used in it if each brick is $12.5 \text{ cm} \times 6.25 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm}$?



- (iii) If two circles are internally touching at point P. A line intersects those two circles in point A, B, C, D respectively, then prove that $\angle APB \sim \angle CPD$.

Best Of Luck 🍀