

MT

2017 1100

Seat No.

MT - SOCIAL SCIENCE (73) History & Political Science
Semi Prelim II - PAPER III (E)

Time : 2 Hours

(Pages 2)

Max. Marks : 40

Q.1. (A) Fill in the blanks choosing the correct alternative given in the brackets : 3

- (i) Balkan Area was the part of Empire.
(a) Germany (b) Austria (c) Turkey
- (ii) The Committee of the League of Nations included permanent and four temporary members.
(a) Five (b) Fifteen (c) Three
- (iii) Karl Marx was a philosopher.
(a) Russian (b) German (c) Polish

Q.1. (B) Match the following : 3

- | Column I | Column II |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (i) Bartholomew Dias | (a) Courageous European traveller |
| (ii) Mungopark | (b) American journalist |
| (iii) Stanley | (c) Portuguese Sailor |
| | (d) Preacher |

Q.2. Answer the following questions in 20 to 30 words each : (Any 2) 4

- (i) Give information about the International Court.
- (ii) How was the Russian Social Democratic Labour party established in the year 1898?
- (iii) In which regions of Asia did European nations impose their imperialism?

Q.3. Give reasons for the following in 25 to 30 words each : (Any 2) 4

- (i) Why did the Fascist Italy become an aggressive nation?
- (ii) Why did the Britain pay attention to Indian politics?
- (iii) The discovery of interior part of Africa did not take place. Why ?

Q.4. Answer the following in 40 to 50 words each : (Any 2) 6

- (i) Give the detailed information about the UNO before its foundation.
- (ii) According to the Peking Treaty, what restrictions were imposed on China by England?
- (iii) What are the various forms responsible for Imperial domination? Write any four of them.

- Q.5. Answer the following in 60 to 80 words each : (Any 2) 8**
- (i) Write in detail on the imperialism in Africa.
 - (ii) Write about the philosophy of Karl Marx.
 - (iii) Describe the political works of the League of Nations.
- Q.6. Fill in the blanks choosing the correct alternative given in the brackets : 3**
- (i) India has form of Democracy.
(a) Direct (b) Indirect (c) Presidential (d) Mixed
 - (ii) Indian National Congress was established in
(a) 1885 (b) 1985 (c) 1857 (d) 1991
 - (iii) The party (or parties) winning the majority of seats in the elections is known as party.
(a) Ruling (b) Opposition (c) Independent (d) Free
- Q.7. Answer the following questions in one sentence : (Any 3) 3**
- (i) When is referendum adopted ?
 - (ii) What is direct democracy ?
 - (iii) State any one difference between ruling party and the opposition party.
 - (iv) What is state level or regional political party?
 - (v) Why is representative democracy inevitable?
- Q.8. State whether the following statements are true or false with reasons : (Any 2) 4**
- (i) When two or more than two parties come together and form government, it is called two party system.
 - (ii) Holding elections is a necessary condition for existence of democracy.
 - (iii) People who share common opinion form political party.
- Q.9. Answer the following questions in 25 to 30 words : (Any 1) 2**
- (i) What is indirect democracy?
 - (ii) Political parties are the link between the government and the people. Explain

Best of Luck 🍀