

# MT - 172

2013 .... 1200

Seat No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

MT - 172 - SANSKRIT COMPOSITE (SECOND OR THIRD LANGUAGE) - PRELIM I - PAPER - V

Time : 2 Hours

(Pages 3)

Max. Marks : 40

**Q.I. (A) Translate any two of the following passages into English : 10**

- (i) सः व्यचिन्तयत्, “अज्ञातवासकाले यदि कोऽपि मामभिजानीयात् तर्हि महापत्तिः उद्भवेत्। किं करणीयमधुना ।” इति चिन्तयतः तस्य पुरतः सूर्यखगः तत्रोपस्थितः । तेन स्वरवेण मार्गं निर्दिश्यार्जुनः कस्यापि विशालवृक्षस्य समीपं नीतः । वृक्षे महान् कोटरः आसीत् । कोटरं प्रविश्य अर्जुनः तत्रैव निभृतः स्थितः । तस्मिन् कोटरे स्थिते पिपीलिकाभिस्तस्य सर्वाङ्गं तथा आच्छादितं यथा अदृश्यः इवाभवत् ।
- (ii) अद्य प्रभाते त्वत्तः सन्देशः प्राप्तः । समाजशास्त्रविषयस्य प्रकल्पार्थं सप्ताश्वर्यविषये ज्ञातुमिच्छसि इति मन्ये । तदर्थं अन्तर्जालात् प्राप्तमिदं संज्ञापनं प्रेषयामि । विश्वे तथा सर्वधर्मेषु सप्ताङ्कः विशेषतामादधाति । अङ्कः एष भाग्यदर्शकः स्वामित्वद्योतकः च । यथा सप्तस्वराः सप्तदिनानि तथैव सप्ताश्वर्याणि जगति विशेषरूपेण ख्यातानि । सप्तशून्यशून्यद्विद्विमे खिस्ताब्दे (2007) नूतनानि विश्वसप्ताश्वर्याणि उद्घोषितानि यानि शताधिककोटिरसिकजनैः विश्वतः निर्वाचितानि ।
- (iii) माता - युक्तमुक्तं भवता ।  
प्रथमः शाकविक्रेता - (तोलयित्वा ददाति) गृह्णातु भवती । क्षम्यताम् ।  
माता - कथं प्लास्टिकस्यूतं ददासि ? वस्त्रस्यूतः मत्समीपे वर्तते ।  
मधुरा - पर्यावरणरक्षणार्थं प्लास्टिकस्यूतानामुपयोगः न करणीयः । विधिनापि तेषामुपयोजनं निषिद्धमस्ति ।  
माता - समीचीनं, जाते, एवं सदैव अवहितचित्ता भव ।

**Q.I. (B) Translate any three verses into English :**

6

- (i) कालज्ञः समयज्ञश्च सदा वश्यश्च नोद्धतः ।  
अनुलोमस्तथास्तब्धस्तेन नाभ्येति वेतसः ॥
- (ii) याममध्ये न भोक्तव्यं यामयुग्मं न लङ्घयेत् ।  
याममध्ये रसोत्पत्तिर्यामयुग्माद्बलक्षयः ॥
- (iii) शनैः शनैश्च भोक्तव्यं स्वयं वित्तमुपार्जितम् ।  
रसायनमिव प्राज्ञैर्हेलया न कदाचन ॥

- (iv) कुम्भकारस्त्वं मृत्तिका अहं मूर्तिकारस्त्वं पाषाणोऽहम् ।  
तव हस्ताभ्यां मम निर्माणं कदापि मा भूत् ते विस्मरणम् ॥
- (v) पारीनगर्याः खलु कण्ठभागे मालेव सीनाख्यनदी सुलग्ना ।  
महासुखं यत्र जना लभन्ते नौकाविहारस्य तटभ्रमैश्च ॥

**Q.II. (A) Answer any three of the following questions in English : 6**

- (i) By what names is कबड्डी known in different states ?
- (ii) What happens when a person follows a right path ? State the examples, that have been illustrated in the lesson to explain that ?
- (iii) Why did नागार्जुन select the second youngster inspite of not bringing the रसायन ?
- (iv) Explain with illustration the thought of the poet about a virtuous and a mighty person.
- (v) How is Saint Chappel Church described by the poet ?

**Q.II. (B) Complete any one verse of the following : 2**

- (i) साम्नेव ..... पटोलेन ॥
- (ii) उपानहौ ..... च ॥
- (iii) गुणी ..... मूषकः ॥

**Q.III. (A) Answer any four question in Sanskrit : 4**

- (i) सेवाभावः कीदृशः वर्तते ?
- (ii) कबड्डी-क्रीडायाः महत्त्वपूर्णं वैशिष्ट्यं किम् ?
- (iii) पुण्यसञ्चयः कथं भवति ?
- (iv) अवैधाचारेण किं भवति ?
- (v) गुरुः अनिशं किं चिन्तयति ?
- (vi) वेतसः कीदृशः विद्यते ?
- (vii) कयोः संयोगेन श्रीः अचला ध्रुवम् ?

**OR**

**Complete the story :**

( सर्वथा, जीवितम्, निद्रया, निष्फलाः )

आलस्यं \_\_\_\_\_ विनाशाय कल्पते । आलस्येन गतं प्रदीर्घमपि जीवितं न \_\_\_\_\_ । महान्तोऽपि गुणाः \_\_\_\_\_ यदि ते न उपयुज्यन्ते । यः सर्वं कालं \_\_\_\_\_ नयति स खलु मृत एव मन्तव्यः ।

**Q.IV. Solve any four subquestions from the following :**

**12**

**(A) Recognize any three of the following forms :**

- (i) रात्रौ (ii) असौ (iii) ज्ञातुम्  
(iv) प्रारेभे (v) आदधाति

**(B) Complete any three of the following sentences by choosing the suitable alternative given in the brackets :**

- (i) प्राचीनकालतो ..... क्रीडाः प्रचलिताः । ( विविधान् / विविधः / विविधाः )  
(ii) किं ..... नानीतं रसायनम् । ( तुभ्यं / त्वया / त्वं )  
(iii) एषः मञ्जुः ..... बद्धपरिकरो वर्तते । ( ग्राहकहिताय / ग्राहकहितात् / ग्राहकहितेन )  
(iv) वयं सर्वे चित्रपटं प्रेक्षितुं ..... । ( गच्छामि / गच्छावः / गच्छामः )  
(v) प्रशान्तमनसा स ..... अगच्छत् । ( स्वगृहे / स्वगृहस्य / स्वगृहम् )

**(C) Dissolve sandhis : (Any three)**

- (i) अनुज्ञापत्रादपि (ii) मनस्यकरोत् (iii) अतिथिर्बालकः  
(iv) दीपेनैकेन (v) पिबेदभूरि

**(D) Dissolve the compound and name the following : (Any three)**

- (i) महासुखम् (ii) शिष्यहितम् (iii) कुम्भकारः  
(iv) अल्पसारः (v) पात्रापात्रम्

**(E) Give Sanskrit synonym of the following words : (Any three)**

- (i) क्षीरम् (ii) श्रीः (iii) वारि  
(iv) श्वः (v) आकर्ण्य

**Best Of Luck** 🍀

# MT - 172

2013 .... 1200

MT - 172 - SANSKRIT COMPOSITE (SECOND OR THIRD LANGUAGE) - PRELIM I -  
PAPER - V

Time : 2 Hours

Preliminary Model Answer Paper

Max. Marks : 40

<b>A.I.</b>	<b>(A) Translate any two of the following passages into English:</b>	
(i)	He thought, "If someone recognizes me during anonymity, serious trouble would arise. What should I do now ?" While thinking thus, the sunbird appeared in front of him. With its sound, it (the bird) directed and led अर्जुन near some big tree. There was a huge cavity in the tree. Having entered the cavity, अर्जुन stayed still there itself. The ants in the cavity covered his entire body in such a way that he became almost invisible.	5
(ii)	Today, in the morning, I received a message from you. I believe, you wish to know about the Seven Wonders for your Social Science project. For that, I am sending this information obtained from the internet. In the world and likewise in all religions, the number seven bears significance. This number indicates good fortune and superiority. Just as seven notes (of music), seven days (of the week), likewise, the seven wonders are specially wellknown in the world. In the year 2007, new seven wonders were declared, that were selected by more than 100 crore (different) people globally.	5
(iii)	Mother - You have said it right. First Vegetable seller - (gives after weighing) you may take. Forgive me. Mother - How do you give plastic bags ? I have a cloth-bag. Madhura - For the conservation of environment, plastic bags should not be used. Their use is prohibited even by Law. Mother - Good, child, may you always be thus alert.	5

<b>A.I. (B) Translate any three verses into English :</b>		
(i)	The bamboo, which understands the time, situation, always (surrenders) bends and similarly when it favorable is modest (firm) steady. Hence, it does not leave its place.	<b>2</b>
(ii)	One should not eat between three hours; one should not fast for a pair of three hours (six hours at a stretch). There is secretion (production) of (digestive) juices during three hours; there is reduction of energy (if not eaten) in six hours.	<b>2</b>
(iii)	Wise people should utilize self-earned wealth gradually and never hastily just as, longevity increasing potions are utilized.	<b>2</b>
(iv)	You are the potter (and) I am the clay. You are the sculptor (and) I am the stone. My creation is through your hands. (O preceptor) may you never be forgotten.	<b>2</b>
(v)	The river named Seine has indeed clung to the city of Paris, like a necklace round the neck, where people acquire great joy of boating and strolls on the banks.	<b>2</b>
<b>A.II. (A) Answer any three of the following questions in English :</b>		
(i)	कबड्डी is popular by the name of 'हुडू' in Bengal, 'चेडुगुडु' in South India and 'कबड्डी' itself in North India.	<b>2</b>
(ii)	When a person follows the right path, he faces many troubles and difficulties in achieving his goals, but succeeds in the end and inspires others to emulate his example as well. In the lesson, अवैधाचारः नैव करणीयः, the young boy wishes to purchase tickets of a popular movie by paying extra money. But his father explains that it amounts to corruption which is a social evil and he should not be a part of it. The father also says that even if there is a single courageous person follows the path of truth and sincerity, he inspires many others to do so and becomes instrumental in bringing about, a great social change.	<b>2</b>

(iii)	नागार्जुन had selected the second youngster as his assistant inspite of not bringing the potion. When asked by the king, he explained his approach for the appointment of the second one inspite of not bringing the potion. The second one served the sick person he had seen on the way and displayed humanity. One cannot become a physician without the dedication to serve. The knowledge of medicines is important but tending to a patient when needed is more important. People possessing knowledge are abundant but more important is the dedication to serve. Without dedication to serve and compassion for human beings, one cannot be a good physician. As the second youth had displayed humanity, he was selected by नागार्जुन.	2
(iv)	The poet feels that only the virtuous person possessing virtues can understand or recognise virtues not a man who doesn't have virtues. The importance of a strength is known only by the one possessing strength and not by the weak person. He explains this with examples by stating that, only a cuckoo, realizes the significance of spring not the crow and only an elephant, realizes the strength of a lion and not the mouse.	2
(v)	The Sainte Chapelle is a chapel situated in Paris and is one of the most famous monuments in the city. The poet says that this chapel is located nearby the river Seine. Its most spectacular part is the sharp peak at its top which appears to be pointing at (saluting) the God in the sky.	2
<b>A.II.</b>	<b>(B) Complete any one verse of the following :</b>	
(i)	साम्नेव यत्र सिद्धिर्न तत्र दण्डो बुधेन विनियोज्यः । पित्तं यदि शर्करया शाम्यति कोऽर्थः पटोलेन ॥	2
(ii)	उपानहौ च वासश्च धृतमन्थैर्न धारयेत् । उपवीतमलङ्कारं स्रजं करकमेव च ॥	2

(iii)	गुणी गुणं वेत्ति न वेत्ति निर्गुणः बली बलं वेत्ति न वेत्ति निर्बलः । पिको वसन्तस्य गुणं, न वायसः गजश्च सिंहस्य बलं न मूषकः ॥	2
<b>A.III. (A) Answer any four question in Sanskrit :</b>		
(i)	सेवाभावः परमगहनः अतः सः परीक्षणीयः वर्तते ।	1
(ii)	कबड्डी-क्रीडायै कस्यापि क्रीडासाधनस्यावश्यकता नास्तीति कबड्डी-क्रीडायाः महत्त्वपूर्णं वैशिष्ट्यम्।	1
(iii)	जीवने सदाचारी भूत्वा एव पुण्यसञ्चयः भवति ।	1
(iv)	अवैधाचारेण विधिभङ्गः भवति ।	1
(v)	गुरुः अनिशं शिष्यहितस्य विषये चिन्तयति ।	1
(vi)	वेतसः अकायः अल्पसारः कूलजः च विद्यते ।	1
(vii)	नयविक्रमयोः संयोगेन श्रीः अचला ध्रुवम् ।	1
<b>OR</b>		
<b>Complete the story :</b>		
	आलस्यं सर्वथा विनाशाय कल्पते । आलस्येन गतं प्रदीर्घमपि जीवितं न जीवितम् । महान्तोऽपि गुणाः निष्फलाः यदि ते न उपयुज्यन्ते । यः सर्वं कालं निद्रया नयति स खलु मृत एव मन्तव्यः ।	4
<b>A.IV. (A) Recognize any three of the following forms :</b>		
(i)	रात्रौ - रात्रि noun ending in इ Feminine gender Locative singular.	1
(ii)	असौ - अदस् Third person pronoun Masculine, Feminine gender Nominative singular.	1
(iii)	ज्ञातुम् - Root ज्ञा (9 UP) Infinitive of purpose तुमन्त अव्यय.	1
(iv)	प्रारेभे - Root प्र + आ + र्भ् (1 AP) Perfect past tense Third person singular.	1

(v)	आदधाति - Root आ + धा (3 UP) here PP Present tense Third person singular.	1
<b>(B) Complete any three of the following sentences by choosing the suitable alternative given in the brackets :</b>		
(i)	प्राचीनकालतो विविधाः क्रीडाः प्रचलिताः ।	1
(ii)	किं त्वया नानीतं रसायनम् ।	1
(iii)	एषः मञ्चः ग्राहकहिताय बद्धपरिकरो वर्तते ।	1
(iv)	वयं सर्वे चित्रपटं प्रेक्षितुं गच्छामः ।	1
(v)	प्रशान्तमनसा स स्वगृहम् अगच्छत् ।	1
<b>(C) Dissolve sandhis : (Any three)</b>		
(i)	अनुज्ञापत्रादपि - अनुज्ञापत्रात् + अपि ।	1
(ii)	मनस्यकरोत् - मनसि + अकरोत् ।	1
(iii)	अतिथिर्बालकः - अतिथिः + बालकः ।	1
(iv)	दीपेनैकेन - दीपेन + एकेन ।	1
(v)	पिबेदभूरि - पिबेत् + अभूरि ।	1
<b>(D) Dissolve the compound and name the following : (Any three)</b>		
(i)	महासुखम् - महत् सुखम् । - कर्मधारय समास ।	1
(ii)	शिष्यहितम् - शिष्याणां हितम् । - षष्ठी तत्पुरुष समास ।	1
(iii)	कुम्भकारः - कुम्भं करोति इति । - उपपद तत्पुरुष समास ।	1
(iv)	अल्पसारः - अल्पः सारः यस्य सः । - बहुव्रीहि समास ।	1
(v)	पात्रापात्रम् - पात्रं च अपात्रं च एतयोः समाहारः । - समाहार द्वन्द्व समास ।	1
<b>(E) Give Sanskrit synonym of the following words : (Any three)</b>		
(i)	क्षीरम् - दुग्धम् ।	1
(ii)	श्रीः - सम्पत्तिः ।	1
(iii)	वारि - जलम् ।	1
(iv)	श्वः - अपरेद्युः ।	1
(v)	आकर्ण्य - निशम्य, श्रुत्वा ।	1
❖ ❖ ❖ ❖		